

The Quincy Union.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.
W. W. KELLOGG.
Terms of Subscription:
For One Year, (invariably in advance) \$3.00
For Six Months, 1.50
For Three Months, .75
For One Month, .25
Advertising:
One Square, (ten lines or less) first insertion, \$1.00
Transient advertisements must be paid for in advance. A liberal discount allowed to regular advertisers.

Professional Cards.

A. J. GIFFORD,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
TAYLORVILLE, CAL.
Office on Main st. n21-1f

COFFROTH & SPAULDING,
Attorneys at Law.
OFFICE—Rooms Nos. 1, 2 and 3, Klay's Building,
Fourth Street, Sacramento. v5-n5-1f

HENRY H. HARTLEY,
ATTY & COUNSELOR AT LAW.
OFFICE—39 J Street, Monson's Building,
SACRAMENTO. v5-n5-1f

JOHN D. GOODWIN, **CHAS. HAYMOND,**
Quincy, Plumas Co., La Porte, Plumas Co.
Goodwin & Haymond,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
QUINCY, PLUMAS CO., CAL. 141f

A. A. COOPER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Taylorville,
PLUMAS COUNTY, CALIFORNIA. 48-1f

E. T. HOGAN,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW
Office—in the County Judge's Chambers,
Court House,
QUINCY, CALIFORNIA. 39-1f

CREED HAYMOND,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LA PORTE, PLUMAS CO., CAL.

WILL practice in the Courts of Plumas and
Sierra Counties. v2 1-1f

Roop & Cooper,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
SUSANVILLE, LASSEN CO., CAL.

N. ROOP, OF SUSANVILLE, AND A. A.
Cooper, of Taylorville, have associated themselves
in the practice of Law, and will attend
promptly to all business entrusted to their charge,
in all the courts of Plumas and Lassen. 37-1f

W. D. SAWYER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
NO. 625 MERCHANT STREET,
SAN FRANCISCO.

Will practice in all the Courts of San Francisco
County. Legal documents carefully drawn, and at
reasonable rates. Particular attention given to
matters concerning the redemption of public lands.
v4-n5-1f

JOHN R. BUCKEER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
NOTARY PUBLIC
—AND—
Commissioner of Deeds
—FOR—
NEVADA TERRITORY.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY, PLUMAS COUNTY, CAL.
Office in the Court House, Quincy.

P. VanClef, **H. L. Gear,**
Downville, Sierra Co. Quincy, Plumas Co.

VanClef & Gear,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
QUINCY, PLUMAS COUNTY, CAL.

WILL practice in the District Courts of Plumas
and Lassen Counties, and also in the
Supreme Court.
[Office in Court House Building.] 42-1f

P. J. O'GRADY,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW
LA PORTE, CALIFORNIA.

N. B.—The public, and patrons of the undersigned
are respectfully informed that he has made ar-
rangements with Judge VanClef, of Downville,
by which the Judge has consented to be associated
with him as assistant in the conduct and trial of all
cases which the undersigned may have in the
Courts of the Second and Tenth Judicial Districts
of this State. 4-50

S. Wheeler,
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
Goodwin Township, Plumas Co.,
CALIFORNIA.

Dr. E. L. Willard,
FRACTURER OF
Medicine, Surgery & Obstetrics.
Primary, Secondary & Skin Diseases.
OFFICE—At Willard's Drug Store, La Porte, Plumas
County, Cal. v5-n5-1f

DR. L. F. CATE,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office—On Jackson street, next door to the
Union Office, QUINCY, CAL. v4-n5-1f

DR. J. S. VAUGHAN,
Physician and Surgeon.
OFFICE—Next Door below Houck's Exchange,
QUINCY, CALIFORNIA. 39

J. D. COMPTON,
COUNTY SURVEYOR.
PLUMAS COUNTY, CAL.

ARTHUR W. KEDDIE,
DEPUTY COUNTY SURVEYOR.

PARTIES WISHING BUSINESS DONE IN
Land or Mining Surveying, or Draining,
will address J. D. Compton, Round Valley, or
Arthur W. Keddie, Crescent Mills, or
W. B. Particular attention paid to Mapping
Mines. v4-n5-1f

Quincy Union.

"Independent in all Things... Neutral in Nothing."

VOL. 5. QUINCY, PLUMAS CO., CAL., SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1867. NO. 33.

Hotels, &c.

PLUMAS HOUSE,

QUINCY,

Plumas Co., California.

JAS. E. EDWARDS, Prop'r.

EXTENSIVE ADDITIONS AND IMPROVE-
ments having been made to this House, the
proprietor begs leave to call the attention of the
travelling public to the superior accommodations it
offers to them. v3-n16-1f-31.

TAYLOR HOUSE.

TAYLORVILLE, CAL.

J. T. Taylor, Proprietor.

THE public is respectfully informed that the pro-
prietor of this long established and well known
House is constantly prepared to accommodate all who
may favor him with their patronage. v5-n16-1f-31.

VERNON HOUSE,

Taylorville,

INDIAN VALLEY.

J. HARDGRAVE, Proprietor.

THIS HOUSE HAS BEEN NEWLY REFITTED
and is one of the
Best Arranged Hotels
In the mountains. No pains will be spared to ac-
commodate those who patronize it.
THE BAR is supplied with the best quality of
Wines, Liquors and Cigars. v5-n16-1f-31.

BUCKEY HOUSE,

ON THE

OROVILLE & QUINCY ROAD,

[Near Walker's Plains, Plumas Co., Cal.]

JOEL FLINN, Prop'r.

THE Proprietor of this well known and favorite
Hotel hereby informs the public that he has
increased his facilities for the accommodation of
permanent and transient guests. The best of board
and lodging furnished at reasonable rates. The
Orville and Quincy Stages stop over night at the
Buckeye House. 37-1f

UNION HOTEL.

MAIN STREET, LA PORTE.

BRANDT & CONLON,
Proprietors.

THIS HOUSE is centrally located and will be kept as
luxuriously as
FIRST CLASS HOUSE.
The Table will be furnished with the best market
of food, and no pains spared by the Proprietors to provide
for the comfort of guests. v4-n5-1f

2nd Terms to suit the times.
E. A. BRANDT,
JOHN CONLON, Proprietors.
La Porte, March 20th, 1866.

WESTERN HOUSE,

Corner of Second and D Streets,

MARYSVILLE, - - CALIFORNIA.

EXTENSIVE ADDITIONS AND IMPROVE-
ments having been made to this house, the
proprietors beg leave to call the attention of the
travelling public to the superior accommodations it
offers to them. v4-n5-1f

The Hotel Carriage and Omnibus will always be
found at the Railroad Depot and Steamer Landing
to convey passengers to the Hotel free of charge.
R. M. LOWERY & CO., Prop'r's. 46-1f

UNION HOTEL.

SECOND and K STREETS, SACRAMENTO.

L. OULVER, Proprietor.

Guests furnished with rooms by the day, week
or month. A few choice rooms for Families, with
private dining-room attached. Bar and Billiard
Saloons of the first order. v4-n5-1f

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL,

OROVILLE,

B. F. JONES, Jr., Prop'r.

WOULD RESPECTFULLY NOTIFY HIS
friends in Northern California that he has
leased the above named Hotel, with the intention
of keeping a
FIRST CLASS HOUSE.
And will be pleased to see all old friends and the
Public generally. B. F. JONES, Jr.

AMERICAN EXCHANGE.

Corner of Sansome and Hall streets,

SAN FRANCISCO.

TIMOTHY SARGENT, Proprietor.

Fireproof—200 rooms, all hard-finished, well ven-
tilated and nicely furnished. Prices from \$1.50 to
\$2.00 per day. v4-n5-1f

RUSS HOUSE.

Montgomery Street,

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

H. H. PEARSON & CO., Proprietors.

THE Proprietors, by strict attention to the com-
fort of their guests, hope to give satisfaction to all
who may favor them with their patronage.
San Francisco. v4-n5-1f

LONGVILLE HOTEL.

A. J. WOOD, Prop'r.

HUMBOLDT VALLEY, PLUMAS CO., CAL.

THIS large and commodious hotel is situated in
a beautiful and healthy location. The rooms
are large and airy and well furnished. The table
is at all times furnished with the best market
affords the stabling of the best. It is a "home"
for the traveler. For the invalid a fine soda
spring, celebrated for its healing quality, is
adjoining the Hotel. A liberal share of patronage
is solicited. A. J. WOOD, Proprietor.

The Quincy Union.

QUINCY, PLUMAS CO., CAL.

SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1867.

WORK.

Every mortal has his mission
In this world of active strife,
Whether in a high position,
Or a lowly walk of life.

He it is, who now fulfilling
Every duty, day by day,
Shows the mind and spirit willing
To perform its onward way.

Life's a bark upon the ocean,
Tossed and rocked by every gale—
Now scuds on with speedy motion,
Now with rent and tattered sail.

Life's a bright and sunny morning,
With some bright refreshing showers,
Followed by dark cloudy warning
Of the storm that o'er us lowers.

Life's the cord of silver, binding
Man in contact with his kind;
Death is but that bound unwilling,
Setting free the earth-bound mind.

Life's the day for deed and action;
Death's the rest, the time of night;
He who works with satisfaction,
Works while yet the hour is light.

Forward, then! the day is waning;
Westward sinks the setting sun;
Onward! on! without complaining,
Work! while yet it may be done.

WE SHALL SUFFER ALIKE.—Our people
cannot too steadily remember, says the Man-
chester (N. H.) Democrat, that the same
destiny awaits both the North and the South,
whether we consider their material interest
or political condition. We suppose nobody
will deny that the military despotism just
established over the South will be fatal to
its business prosperity. It is clear that the
industry of that section must be at once di-
rected to the production of immediate and
prime necessities. It is fortunate that the
circumstances of soil and climate are such
that they may be easily supplied. But these
contribute nothing to the national wealth
or revenue, so that the favorite idea of our
Northern malignants that the South shall be
made to pay the cost of her subjugation, is
not likely to be realized. The South has
little to be taxed, and is not likely to have.
The whole burden rests upon us, and that
cause alone will reduce this section to a level
with that, long before the debt is paid.—
Some of our people glory that the iron heel
of despotic power rests upon the South.—
They will find that it is upon themselves as
well. The time will come when they will
be weary of being taxed to enslave anybody.
When they undertake to change their con-
dition, they will feel the restraints of which
they are unconscious. The idea of govern-
ing different sections of the same country
differently, is not practicable. Our current
expenses are enormously aggravated by the
insane policy adopted toward the South;
and the same despotism which rests upon
that section, is ready for this whenever a
pretext occurs.

PROGRESSING WESTWARD.—An immense
system of railroads is stretching forward
from the East to the Missouri river, on the
parallel of the great trade marts of the north-
west of our country, all designed to
connect with the great continental railway
to the Pacific. The roads of which this sys-
tem is composed comprises no less than five
distinct corporations of extraordinary mag-
nitude. They are the Chicago and North-
western, the Mississippi and Missouri, the
Burlington and Missouri, the Council Bluffs
and St. Joseph, and the Green Bay and Oma-
ha railroads. One or two have already
reached the Missouri river, and others are
far advanced and in a rapid state of progress
toward it, while the last will enter upon the
work of construction this season, and be
pushed rapidly forward to completion.

DIVERSITY OF OPINION.—I willingly con-
cede to every man what I claim for myself
—the freest range of thought and expression
and am perfectly indifferent whether the
sentiments of others on speculative subjects
coincide with or differ from my own. In-
stead of wishing or expecting that uniform-
ity of opinion should be established, I am
convinced that it is neither practicable nor
desirable; that varieties of thought are as
numerous, and as strongly marked, and as
irreducible to one standard, as those of bod-
ily form; and that to quarrel with one who
thinks differently from ourselves, would be
no less unreasonable than to be angry with
him for having features unlike our own.

A TERRIBLE SHOCK.—A correspondent
tells of an ancient society which has been or-
ganized but a short time, and so have no ap-
propriate furniture. At a meeting of this so-
ciety, one of the young ladies officers had no
table. A polite young gentleman stepped
to one of the rooms, and soon returned with
a wash-stand, from which he had removed
the bowl and pitcher. Accepting the thanks
of the lady, he gracefully bowed, and re-
sumed his seat between a couple of blooming
damsels, when, to his horror, he discovered
upon the lower shelf of the wash-stand a
domestic convenience in the crockery line,
which he had neglected to remove. Rush-
ing, he shot from the hall without even
"adieu."

The Arkansas Traveler.

In the early settlement of the State of Ar-
kansas, a traveler, after riding some eight
or ten miles without meeting a human be-
ing or seeing a human habitation, came at
length, by a sudden turn of the road, to a
miserable shanty, in the center of a small
clearing. In what had originally been a
blackjack thicket, whence the only sound
that proceeded is the discordant music of a
broken winded fiddle, from the troubled
bowels of which the occupant is laboriously
extorting the monotonous tune known as
"The Arkansas" or "Rackensack Traveler."
Our traveler rides up to within a few feet of
the door, which was once the bed frame of
a cart body, now covered with bear skins,
and hung upon two big wooden hinges.

After much shooting, the inmate appears
fiddle in hand, and evidently writhing at be-
ing interrupted in the exercise of his art.—
The following colloquy ensues, the indefat-
igable fiddler still playing the first strain of
"The Arkansas Traveler," which in fact he
continues, at sudden intervals, until the dia-
logue, as will be seen, is abruptly termi-
nated. "If this be not seeking lodging under
difficulties," he should like to know what
might be legitimately so considered:

Traveler—"Friend, can I obtain accom-
modations for the night with you?"
Arkansas Artist—"No sir—nary 'com-
modation."

Traveler—"My dear sir, I have already
traveled thirty miles to-day, and neither
myself nor my horse has had a mouthful to
eat; why can't you accommodate me for the
night?"

Ark. Art.—"Jest 'case it can't be did.—
We're plum out of everything to eat in the
house. Bill's gone to mill with the last
nubbins of corn on the premises, and it'll be
nigh on to the shank of to-morrow evenin'
 afore he cums home unless suthin uncommon
 happens."

Traveler—"You surely have something
that I can feed my horse; even a few pota-
toes would be better than no food."

Ark. Art.—"Stranger, our eatin' roots
gin out about a week ago; so your chance
is slim thar."

Traveler—"But, my friend, I must remain
with you anyway. I can't go any further,
whether I obtain anything to eat or not.—
You certainly will allow me the shelter of
your roof?"

Ark. Art.—"That can't be did, old hoss.
You see, we've got only one dried hide on
the premises, and me and the old woman
allus occupies that; so whar's your chance?"

Traveler—"Allow me to hitch my horse to
that persimmon tree, and with my saddle
and blanket I'll make a bed in the fence
corner."

Ark. Art.—"Hitch your horse to that sim-
mon tree? In a horn! Why you must be
a nat'ral fool, stranger! Don't you see that
mine and the old woman's only chance for
simmon beer in the fall of the year? If yer
hoss is so tarna' hungry as you say he is,
he'd girdle it as high up as he could; reach
afore mornin'! Hitch your hoss to that tree.
I s'pect not; no, no stranger, you can't come
nary such a dodge as that."

Our traveler, seeing that he had an origi-
nal to deal with, and being himself an an-
ateur performer on the instrument to which
the settler was so ardently attached, thought
he would change his tactics, and draw his
determined not to be lost out a little before
informing him of the fact that he, too, could
play "The Arkansas Traveler," which once
being known, he rightly conjectured would
be a passport to his better graces.

Traveler—"Well, friend, if I can't stay,
how far is it to the next house?"

Ark. Art.—"Ten miles; and you'll think
they're mighty long ones, too, afore you get
thar. I came nigh on to forgettin' to tell
you the big creek is up; the bridge is car-
ried off; there's nary yearly chance to
ford it; and if yer bound to cross it, you'll
have to go about seven miles up stream to
old Dave Lody's panchoon bridge, through
one of the darndest bamboo swamps ever
you see. I reckon the bridge is standin' yet,
—was yesterday mornin'—though one had
started down stream about fifteen feet,
or sich a matter."

Traveler—"Friend, you seem communic-
ative, and if it's no offense, I'd like to know
what you do for a living here."

Ark. Artist—"No offense on yeath, stranger;
we jest keep a grocery."

Traveler—"A grocery? Where, in the
name of all that is mercantile, do your cus-
tomers come from? Your nearest neighbor
is ten miles distant."

Ark. Artist—"The fact is, me and the old
woman is the best customers yet; but we
s'pect these diggings will improve, and, in
course, business will improve too. Hows-
ever, we do suthin, now, even. Me and the
old woman took the cart yester day, and
went to town; we got a bar'l of whiskey,
and arter we come home and gin to count
the balance on hand, we found thar waz
but jest one solitary picayune left, and as
the old woman allus carries the puse, in
course she had it. Well, I sot the bar'l agin
one side of the house, and shortly arter the
old woman sez: 'Sposin' you tap your cend
of the bar'l, and I did; and she bought a
drink, and paid me the picayune. Pretty
soon, I began to get dry, and sez I: 'Old
woman, sponon you tap your cend of the
bar'l, and she did, and then she salls me
a drink, and the way that picayune traveled
backwards and forwards over the bung of
that bar'l, is a caution to them as loves red
eye!' But, stranger, losen is apt to come
in every business; and me and the old wo-
man has jest some in the grocery line, and
I'll tell you how it was. That boy, Bill, our
oldest son, he sez how the licker was goin',
and he didn't have nary red to jine in the
retail business; so, one night, he crawls un-
der the house, and taps the bar'l between
the cracks in the panchoon floor; and I al-
ly believe he's got more than me or the old
woman either; the good-for-nothing raga-
bonds to come the grafic over his nat'ral
born parents! It's enuff to make a man sour
agin all creation. That boy'll be jest the ru-
ination of us yet. He takes to trickery jist as
nat'ral as a hungry possum takes to a hen
roost. Now, stranger, what on yeath am I
to do? He beats me and the old woman
all hollow!"

Traveler—"It would be difficult to advise
in regard to your son, as I have no family of
my own. You say it's ten miles to the next
house; the big creek is up, the bridge is car-
ried away; no possibility of fording it, and
it's seven miles through a swamp to the
only bridge in the vicinity. This is rather
a gloomy prospect, particularly as the sun is
just about down; still my curiosity is ex-
cited, and as you have been playing only part
of the 'Arkansas Traveler,' ever since my
arrival, I would like to know, before I leave
why you don't play that tune through?"

Ark. Art.—"For one of the best reasons
on yeath, old hoss—I can't do it. I hain't
lart the turn of that chune, and deat me if
I believe I ever shall."

Traveler—"Give me your instrument, and
I'll see if I can't play the turn for you."

Ark. Art.—"Look here, stranger, do
you play the turn of that chune?"

Traveler—"I believe I can."

Ark. Art.—"Lite, lite, old hoss! We'll
find a place for you in the cabin, sure!—
Old woman! old woman! (a halle within
the shanty was the first indication the trav-
eler had of any other human being, on the
premises), the stranger plays the turn of the
'Rackensack Traveler! My friend, hitch
your hoss to the 'simmon tree, or anywhere
else you please. Bill will be here soon, and
he'll take care of him. Old woman, you
call Sal and Nance up from the spring; tell
Nance to go into the spring house and cut
off a good big piece of barstank, to brile for
the stranger's supper; tell Sal to knock over
a chicken or two, and git out some flour,
and have some flour doin' and chicken fix-
in's for the stranger. (Bill just heaves in
sight, twenty four hours earlier than was ex-
pected a half hour before.) Bill! oh, Bill!
there's a stranger here, and he plays the turn
of the 'Rackensack Traveler! Go to the
corner and git a big punkin and bring it to
the house, so the stranger can have suthin
to sit on and skin a tater 'long with me and
the old woman while the gals is gettin' sup-
per; and, Bill, take the hoss and give him
plenty of corn—no nubbins, Bill; and then
rub him down well, and when you come to
the house, bring up a dried hide and a bar-
skin for the stranger to sleep on; and then,
Bill, I reckon he'll play the turn of the
'Rackensack Traveler' for us.—[Knicker-
bocker.

THE BATTLE CRY.—The San Jose Mer-
cury, one of the boldest Radical papers in the
State—whose editor is a prominent candi-
date for State Printer—says:

"Henceforth the motto of the great Na-
tional Republican party should be 'Univer-
sal Liberty and Impartial Suffrage, regard-
less of caste, race, or color.'"
We unhesitatingly applaud the boldness
with which the Mercury announces its pro-
position, and we only fear that the rest of
the party will not exhibit backbone enough
to come square up to the work. If the peo-
ple of this State really favor the monstrosity
of mongrelism, we hope they will have an
opportunity of expressing the sentiment
fairly and squarely at the ballot box. No-
thing but the surfeit of successes that have
attended the efforts of the mis-called Union
party of late years could have emboldened
the most valiant of their organs to proclaim
unequivocally for Universal Suffrage, but
the time has finally come when it seems safe
for them to take a stand. We rejoice that
the issue is being made by the Radicals
themselves. People need no longer deceive
themselves. Unionism, so called, has re-
solved itself into mongrelism; and if there
are not thousands in California who have
been acting with that party since the break-
ing out of the war, but who will scorn to
admit to equal rights the heredes of China-
men in our midst, then we are more deceiv-
ed than ever before.—[Havilah Courier.

A VASTATE CHAIR.—A lady in Vermont
has, for twenty-five years past, spent all her
savings in adding gold beads to a chain or
string, which was left to her by a relative,
with an injunction to do so "for his sake."
A gentleman who saw the chain lately, says
it is now about thirty feet in length, and
consists of more than one thousand gold
beads, of different patterns, worth from three
to five dollars apiece.

WIZARD, the celebrated rookist, was
set one day in his carriage near Edinburgh.
A Scotch paper, after recording the ac-
cident, adds: "We are happy to state that he
was able to appear the following evening in
three pieces."

An Appeal to Democrats.

A long article in the La Crosse Democrat,
reviewing the outrages of the Radicals and
the cheering prospect of the success of the
Democracy, concludes as follows:

This is Good Friday as was on these lines.
A very Good Friday that God, who doeth all things
well, dismissed the head of the school, and
by his own appointed agent sent an echo to
far down the aisles of the future that it never
will be forgotten. It is Good Friday that
brings to our salvation to-day letters from
Connecticut, from New Hampshire, from
Massachusetts, from Ohio, and from Men-
gan, announcing a large increase of Demo-
cratic votes, and of gathering about in Demo-
cratic hearts everywhere. And by next
Good Friday there will be more of such glo-
rious letters. Then, courage, Democrats!
Radicalism staggers, and reels to and fro.

Press the demoralized enemy. Strike
them full and square in the face; harness
their flanks; hurl the grape and canister of
their villainies, frauds and corruptions into
their trembling ranks.

Sound the bugles in every State!
Call the skirmishers to the front!
Charge down upon their lines!

Attack them in their strongest hold.
Organize our grand army of liberty anew.
Circulate documents filled with facts.

Organize the Democracy in every hamlet
in the land, and let us fight for Right till
day breaks and victory is won.

Charge home upon the Radicals their of-
fenses.

They lied to the people;
They swindled the nation;
They divided the Union;
They have destroyed States.

They have robbed the people and the
Government.
They have protected robbers.
They have defended thieves and murder-
ers.

They have built up a most damnable aris-
tocracy.
They have torn out the laws protecting
labor.

They have protected capital.
They have trampled upon the rights of
the people.

They have despoiled the land.
They have warred upon laws and upon
rights.

They have been guilty of inhumanity and
oppression.

They have forgotten God, Man and Posi-
tivity in their greed for gain and power.

They have outraged and insulted, robbed
and destroyed, mangled and murdered, lied
and stolen, torn down and divided, swindled
and protected swindlers, ignored oaths of
office, lured men to destruction, piled up
taxes to support aristocrats, destroyed ar-
mies to carry out political heresies, sacrificed
soldiers to enrich dishonest generals, turned
the courts into political machines to protect
the thieves of their party who are handed
together for spoil, trampled upon all Con-
stitutional guarantees, made widows and
orphans for nothing, destroyed the hope of
free homes and light taxation for poor fam-
iliness; have lived by lust, plunder, vil-
lainy, corruption, profligacy, dishonesty, de-
ceit, protection of bayonets till it is no won-
der the tax-ridden, insulted, wronged, op-
pressed and betrayed people all over the
land are sickening of the fast of villainy to
set before them so long, and are rising all
over the land to demand that Radicalism
shall die, and that the great cause of Right,
Truth, Justice, Liberty and Democracy shall
triumph.

Close up the ranks—stand bold and true—
strike fast and hard, and the day will soon be
ours.

FRENCH POLITICIANS EXEMPLIFIED.—The
Paris correspondent of the New York Times
relates the following:

The French Government has carried the
politeness to foreigners to such an extreme
as to refuse the authorization to play a dra-
ma called "The War in America" by Mal-
pine and Maret, till the Exhibition is over.
The authors, who do not take sides in the
piece, although their sympathies were for
the Union and against rebellion, say that
authorization was positively refused because
the susceptibility of some people favorable
to the rebellion might be hurt.

But the following is the best example of
national susceptibilities we have heard of.
An American, who is now here, and who
claims to be the most ardent man in the
world in the handling of the market and
the bayonet, went the other day to seek an
engagement in one of the Paris circles,
offering to fight in the arena with wooden
bayonets against five of the best market
men in the French army, all of whom were
against him. The Director of the crowd
said: "No, I can't do that; but if you will
dress up as a French soldier and whip the
soldiers dressed up

The Quincy Union.



"Fidelity to Truth, to Liberty and Law,
No favor away to us and no fear shall awe."
San Francisco Agency.
The Quincy Union is the only authorized Agent
for the Quincy Union in San Francisco.
GEO. W. BODKINS is our authorized Agent for Taylorville and vicinity.
QUINCY, PLUMAS CO., CAL.
SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1867.

COUNTY DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

- FOR SHERIFF,
JAMES H. YEATES.
FOR CLERK,
FENTON B. WHITING.
FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
A. A. COOPER.
FOR TREASURER,
N. C. CUNNINGHAM.
FOR ASSESSOR,
W. F. REED.
FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR,
S. B. HINES.
FOR PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR,
JOHN C. CHAPMAN.
FOR CORONER,
JESSE A. BROWN.
FOR SUP'T OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
A. S. TITUS.
FOR SUPERVISOR, 3d DISTRICT,
A. J. WARNER.

United States Mining Law.

For the information of those of our citizens who own or have located quartz or other mining claims in this county, and who wish to secure a perfect title to them, we republish such extracts from the U. S. Mining Law as refer to the location, survey and sale of said mineral lands.

Sec. 1. declares that the mineral lands are open to all citizens of the United States and all who have declared their intention to become citizens.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That whenever any person or association of persons claim a vein or lode of quartz, or other rock in place, bearing gold, silver, copper, or other mineral, having previously occupied and improved the same according to the local custom or rules of miners in the district where the same is situated, and having expended in actual labor and improvements thereon an amount of not less than \$1,000, and in regard to whose possession there is no controversy or opposing claim, it shall and may be lawful for said claimant or association of claimants to file in the local land office a diagram of the same, so extended laterally or otherwise as to conform to the local laws, customs and rules of miners, and to enter such tract and receive a patent therefor, granting such mine, together with the right to follow such vein or lode with its dips, angles or variations to any depth, although it may enter the land adjoining, which land adjoining shall be sold subject to this condition.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That upon the filing of the diagram as provided in the second section of this Act, and posting the same in a conspicuous place on the claim, together with a copy of intention to apply for a patent, the Register of the Land Office shall publish a notice of the same in a newspaper published nearest to the location of said claim, and shall also post such notice in his office, for the period of ninety days; and after the expiration of said period, if no adverse claim shall have been filed, it shall be the duty of the Surveyor General, upon application of the party to survey the premises and make a plat thereof, indorsed with his approval, designating the number and description of the location, the value of the labor and improvements, and the character of the vein exposed, and upon the payment to the proper officer of \$5 per acre, together with the cost of such survey, plat and notice, and giving satisfactory evidence that said diagram and notice have been posted on the claim during said period of ninety days, the Register of the Land Office shall transmit to the General Land Office said plat, survey and description, and a patent shall issue for the same thereupon. But said plat, survey or description shall in no case cover more than one vein or lode, and no patent shall issue for more than one vein or lode, which shall be expressed in the patent issued.

Mr. D. D. Brown, U. S. Deputy Surveyor of this District, is now in the county, and will attend to the surveying of the claims of all who may make application to him. Owners of mining claims who wish to secure an absolute title to their property, should lose no time in making their application. Those who desire to receive any further information in regard to the subject, should address Mr. Brown, at Taylorville.

A Bold Stroke.—The Radical party leaders in Sierra county have taken the "nigger by the reed." The resolutions passed by the Convention held at Downsville on the 5th instant, one of which reads as follows:

"The Union party of Sierra county heartily endorses the reconstruction policy of Congress, and pledges itself to have nothing to do with any man who is not a free citizen of the United States with the full rights of citizenship."

A PART OF THE RADICAL PLATFORM.—In a recent "oration" by John Watson, in Clarksville, Tenn., he gave a condensed statement of the Radical party policy in the following words: "The Union party heartily endorses the reconstruction policy of Congress, and pledges itself to have nothing to do with any man who is not a free citizen of the United States with the full rights of citizenship."

The Democratic Convention.

If harmony, concert of action, and an expressed desire and determination, on the part of delegates to a Convention, to act for the good of the party at large, by selecting men for the different positions upon the county ticket who would be acceptable to the people and their party, and whose character and standing in the community would be a full guarantee of that honesty, integrity and capability in office which are so much needed at the present time—men who can command the confidence, esteem and enthusiastic support of the people—if, we say, such action, upon the part of the delegates to the Convention, represents the views and intentions of the party throughout the county, then the Democrats of Plumas, and all who are opposed to trickery, corruption and fraud, will be perfectly satisfied with the action of the Convention which met in Quincy on Monday last, and nominated a ticket which we to-day place at the head of our columns. That satisfaction will, in our opinion, be most forcibly expressed at the ballot box on the 5th day of next September.

It is useless for us to advise Democrats to lay aside all "petty jealousies" and personal animosities against the candidates nominated, for, with perhaps a half dozen exceptions in the whole party, no such feeling exists. In fact, we do not believe that the action of any Convention of any party ever before held in Plumas county, gave such general satisfaction. The convention was not controlled by a clique, nor did any candidate receive his nomination through the influence of combination or wire-pulling. Before the Convention met, there were several aspirants in the field for each of the offices, except that of Sheriff; but as soon as they were satisfied, after having canvassed the subject of their nomination among their friends and the delegates, that a selection of other candidates would give better satisfaction to the party, or add more strength to the ticket, they, actuated by the same principle which pervaded the whole Convention and which at this time should, and we believe does, animate every individual member of the party, immediately withdrew, and will cheerfully support their more fortunate competitors. But two ballots were had in the Convention, and that each of the unsuccessful candidates will do all in his power to insure the election of the whole ticket, we are certain. We shall at some future time allude to the different candidates nominated by both parties in the county.

The resolutions adopted by the Convention, which will be found in the published proceedings, speak for themselves. They show a determination on the part of the Democrats to ignore everything of minor importance, and to wisely harmonize their whole strength upon the vital questions which Radical misrule and our county schemes and plunderers have forced upon the people. They feel that they cannot afford to quarrel over this or that provision of the Constitution, so long as there is a party in the land that ignores the Constitution as a whole. We must first have a Constitution vindicated, just laws enacted, which will remove a portion of the great burdens of taxation from the industrious poor to the shoulders of the bondocracy; and we must select men who will faithfully and honestly observe the one and enforce the other, before we can give our attention to other and minor questions of policy. These are facts which are being realized and appreciated not only by the Democrats but by the friends of Constitutional Liberty everywhere, and which point to the Democratic as the party of hope and salvation for the future. With the ticket nominated, and with these issues, the party can sweep every vestige of the clique and its misrule from Plumas county.

STILL HARKING ON "ALTURA."—The following resolutions, which were adopted by the Sierra county Radical Convention which met at Downsville on the 5th inst., are seemingly intended as a declaration of war against Goodwin Township:

Resolved, That the law passed by the Legislature of this State, dividing this county, was an underhanded trick of unscrupulous politicians, and hurried through its different stages by fraudulent and dishonest combinations against the known wishes of nine tenths of the people of this county.

Resolved, That all candidates for members of the Legislature, be required to come before this Convention and pledge themselves to use their best efforts to repeal the law by which this county was divided; and we furthermore require them to pledge themselves to not assent to any division of the county during their term of office.

Sierra has been girding this subject ever since the law was passed, and the more she has done so, the worse she has made it. Survey after survey has been made under this law, at her instance and request, and every time she has been the loser. As for the disputed territory, as it is now bounded, we believe that the people there are a unit in favor of Plumas county; and Sierra county will serve her best interests hereafter, as she would have done heretofore, by accepting the situation and letting that section alone. The politicians of Sierra will regret the day they open the fight in the next Legislature, to annex Goodwin township to that county. The interests of the people of La Porte and vicinity, are the interests of the people of Plumas county, and they are determined to stand together and meet the issue in any shape that Sierra may see fit to make it. It does not follow as a matter of fact, gentlemen of Sierra, that because a small clique of office seekers in this county are opposed to the annexation of Altura to Plumas, a majority of the people of the county are or were of the same opinion. The whole secret of the adoption of the above resolutions, however, can, in our opinion, be found in "furthermore," the closing paragraph of the last. The politicians of Sierra do not care so much about what has been, as they fear what will be done. They know that the people of the whole northern portion of the county are anxious to sever their connection with the balance of the county, and it was with the view of "heading off" any such movement that these resolutions were adopted in county Convention.

Telegraphic Summary.

The Judiciary Committee have practically concluded the impeachment investigation. A portion of the members will remain in Washington to prosecute the investigation of the question as to whether Maryland has a "Republican" form of government. [Unless niggers are permitted to vote, while white men are disfranchised, and the tolling masses taxed for the benefit of capitalists, it cannot be "Republican."]. The New Orleans Sub Treasury defalcation amounts to about nine hundred thousand dollars.

The National Grand Lodge of Good Templars, recently in session at Detroit, adopted resolutions recommending the formation of County Leagues, the members pledged to vote for none but temperance men. [The Templars, we apprehend, will have the good sense to do so much thing. It would at once destroy their efficiency for good.] After the capitulation of Mexico, Maximilian and all his officers above the rank of Lieutenant were shot. Later accounts contradict the report, and state that Maximilian will be allowed to leave Mexico. Judge Fraser, of Tenn., has been tried by the Senate of that State on impeachment, found guilty and removed. Butler and Ashley ("Arcades ambo, id est, blackguards both.") assert that they will bring the question of impeachment to a square vote in the House. Majority and minority reports will be presented. The Legislature of Massachusetts adjourned on the 1st inst., after a session of five months. Six companies of the Fourth and Fifth Artillery have been ordered to Charleston. Nicaragua, it is said, will soon demand payment for the bombardment of Greytown, and a call for indemnity for Walker's ravages will soon follow. Col. Cole, of New York, and brother of Senator Cole of this State, recently shot a man by the name of Hisecock, for having violated, or attempted to violate, his wife, while he was absent in the army. Hisecock was Chairman of the Judiciary Committee of the House during the last session of the N. Y. Legislature. A severe hail storm occurred in the interior of Missouri, on the 7th inst., doing immense damage to the crops. Hailstones fell as large as hens' eggs. There was a death by sunstroke in Chicago on the 6th, and several deaths by lightning in the surrounding country. The Republicans carried the municipal election in Washington by 1,000 maj. and the negroes were jubilant over the result. [Of the 17,000 registered voters, 8,000 were blacks. They had only to bring over 1,000 white niggers to obtain a "Republican" majority of that number.] General Schofield has issued an order instructing the Boards of Registration, in Virginia, relative to the disfranchising clause, in accordance with Attorney General Stanbery's decision. General Sherman has withdrawn his troops to the South side of the Platte, as he has also been the stages from that portion of the route. He will probably abandon the expedition to the heart of the Indian country, and concentrate his troops to protect the stages and railroad. The Tribune compliments the President and Secretary Seward on the unparisian nature of their Raleigh tour. A Washington dispatch says that if Sheridan is removed, Congress will have a July session. Thirteen dead bodies were taken from the ruins of the late explosion in Philadelphia. The Washington City Council, before its adjournment, denounced the recent election as a farce, that it was carried by droves of niggers, and that the new members of the Council were not fit to associate with the old residents of the city. It was thought a dandy would be made Secretary of the new Board. [Oh, the ineffable glories of Radicalism! What a pity that the clique in this county haven't a few "droves" for the benefit of their nominees in September.] Three and one fourth miles of track were laid on the Union Pacific Railroad on the 5th. An attempt was recently made to assassinate the Czar of Russia, who is now in Paris. Two shots were fired at him, one of which penetrated the head of the horse ridden by the Imperial groom. It is reported that the ship Curlew, from the Sandwich Islands, and the Mary, from Sydney, have been destroyed by mutineers and a portion of the crews massacred.

Couldn't Swallow It.—Zack Baker, of Oroville, publishes a Card in the Butte Record, addressed to the "Union" men of Butte, in which he gives his reasons for refusing longer to support the Radical party. He concludes as follows: "If they [the Union party men] support what Congress has done, they are mighty apt to be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right of voting to all, in every State, without regard to nation or color. Now, if we sustain the reconstruction measures of Congress at this election, our vote will be taken as it will be ruled by Chinamen and negroes here, for their great leader, Sumner, has a bill before the U. S. Senate to give the right

The Quincy Union.

LOCAL ITEMS.

New Goods.—Read A. P. Moore's Advertisement.

DIVINE SERVICE.—Rev. Mr. Spies will preach at the Court Room to-morrow, (Sunday,) at 1 o'clock P. M.

FOURTH OF JULY.—The order of exercises of the celebration of the 4th of July at Greenville, is published in another column.

GONE BELOW.—Hon. E. T. Hogan, one of the delegates to the Democratic State Convention, started below on Friday last.

GOOD PAY.—The Eagle Co., at Sawpit, cleaned up, on the 11th instant, 587 ozs. of gold, for 24 hours' washing of their pay dirt.

PURCHASED.—Mr. H. White, of Nelson Point, recently purchased the Willow Ranch, on the road between Quincy and Nelson Point.

QUARTZ RETURNS.—The Crescent Co., for one week's run, cleaned up on Saturday last \$3,300, and the Whitney Mill paid \$3,900 for one week's crushing.

MOON SLUGS.—During the past two weeks, several slugs, varying in size from 36 down to 4 ozs., have been found and captured by Bolger & Co. in their claims in French Ravine, near Rich Bar.

PURCHASED.—G. S. McLean recently purchased the ranch in Mohawk Valley known as Fred King's Sulphur Spring Ranch, together with all of the stock on said ranch. Price paid, \$14,000. Mr. King still owns the Quartz Mill and ledge.

PEGLISTIC.—Matt. Tracy has gone from Grass Valley to Downsville to give sparing exhibitions, and will visit all the principal towns in Sierra and Plumas counties. He offers to fight any man of his weight from 115 to 155 pounds, for \$1,000 to \$5,000.

PHOTOGRAPHY.—Mr. S. P. Townsend, the photographic artist, will remain in town but a short time longer. Therefore, everybody who wishes to procure photographs, ambrotypes, or sun-prints, should pay him an early visit. His gallery is located back of the P. Office, in Quincy.

DEMOCRATS, ATTENTION.—We call the attention of the voters of this county—the Democrats in particular—to the appointments made by the County Judge and County Clerk, for visiting the different precincts in the county, which is published elsewhere in this issue. See to it, Democrats, that every man in your precinct, who is entitled to have his name entered upon the Great Register, but has neglected to do so, fails not to be on hand at the proper time, and have his name duly enrolled in the big book. During the month of July, the Clerk is obliged to have the names upon the Great Register copied and printed, and every person whose name does not appear upon the printed list, will, if he is a legal voter, and wishes to vote at the next election, be obliged to get a certificate from the Clerk to prove his registration before he can be enrolled on the precinct poll lists, and be allowed to vote.

U. S. DEPT. SURVEYOR.—D. B. Brown, Esq., U. S. Deputy Surveyor for Mining District No. 3, embracing Butte, Plumas and Sierra counties, passed through Quincy on Thursday last, on his way to Indian Valley. Mr. Brown intends remaining in our county for several weeks, and all claimants or owners of mineral land in this county, who wish to acquire perfect titles to their ledges or claims, should make immediate application to him, and have their claims surveyed.—Mr. B. has had application made to him for surveys of the Crescent, Premium, Kittie, and other ledges and mining claims in Indian valley, and he will doubtless be engaged in that locality for some time. Mr. Brown informs us that he will be pleased to furnish all claimants who may apply to him with all the information necessary to enable them to obtain patents for their claims. In another column we give a condensed statement of the requirements necessary to secure titles to mineral land under the General Mining Law.

ADMITTED TO CITIZENSHIP.—At a session of the County Court, held on Monday last, the following persons were admitted to citizenship: Adolph Meegil, James Stuck, Matthew Cornwall, Ezra Hubbell, John Quirk, John W. Dillon, John Mulcahy, John C. Wilton, George Smith, William Metcalf, Jules Herrant, John Waterhouse. On the 11th, Court was in session, and John Cavanagh was duly admitted to citizenship, and the Court then adjourned until Court in course. The next term of the County Court will be held on the first Monday in July, at which time every person, who has declared his intention to become a citizen and is entitled to his full naturalization papers, should be present with his witnesses and make application to the Court to be admitted to citizenship, so as to be able to vote at the election in September next.

The name of George Lewis Mori should have been included in the above list of persons admitted to citizenship on Monday.

Plumas County Nominees.

DEMOCRATIC.	RADICAL.
For Sheriff, J. H. Yeates, of American Valley.	For Sheriff, S. J. Clark, of Quincy.
For Co. Clerk, F. B. Whiting, of Quincy.	For Co. Clerk, J. B. Overton, of Quincy.
For Dist. Attorney, A. A. Cooper, of Taylorville.	For Dist. Attorney, H. L. Gear, of Quincy.
For Treasurer, N. C. Cunningham, of Indian Valley.	For Treasurer, J. C. Gentry, of Poorman's.
For Assessor, W. F. Reed, of Cariboo.	For Assessor, W. R. Wilson, of Crescent Mills.
For Co. Surveyor, S. B. Bines, of Beckworth's Val.	For Co. Surveyor, David Taylor, of Indian Valley.
For Supt. of Pub. In's, A. S. Titus, of Quincy.	For Supt. of Pub. In's, G. W. Meyler, of Quincy.
For Coroner, Jesse A. Brown, of Sawpit Flat.	For Coroner, B. Coburn, of Quincy.
For Pub. Adm'n, J. C. Chapman, of Genesee Valley.	For Pub. Adm'n, Ed. Bates, of Quincy.
For Supervisor, 3d Dist, A. Warner, of Rich Bar.	For Supervisor, 3d Dist, M. D. Smith, of Meadow Valley.

Democratic County Convention.

The Delegates elected to the Democratic County Convention, met at the Court House, in Quincy, on Monday last, at 11 o'clock, A. M. Hon. J. D. Goodwin, Chairman of the County Central Committee, called the Convention to order.

On motion, Richard Irwin, of Rich Bar, was elected temporary Chairman, and Jas. McGinness, of Crescent Mills, and A. J. McPike, of Genesee Valley, temporary Sec'y's.

On motion, the Chairman appointed the following Committee on Credentials: J. D. Goodwin, Quincy, D. Daly of La Porte, and Wm. Blough, of Taylorville.

On Permanent Organization and Order of Business, J. B. McGee of Mammoth Mills, H. Turner of Quincy and A. Jackson of Long Valley.

On Resolutions, C. W. Callahan of Round Valley, J. Urie of Sawpit, G. A. Meegil of Mr. Pleasant, L. Mapes of Beckwith's, and J. S. Low of Indian Valley.

Convention then adjourned to meet at 2 o'clock, P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention reassembled at 2 P. M., and was called to order by the temporary Chairman. The Report of the Committee on Credentials was received and adopted.

The following is the Report:

"Your Committee on Credentials beg leave to report the following list of Delegates, entitled to seats in the Convention:

Quincy—J. P. O'Neill, H. Turner, J. D. Goodwin, J. H. Larison, W. W. Kellogg.

Taylorville—G. G. Grail, J. S. Love, B. Payne, R. C. Chambers, Wm. Blough, N. C. Cunningham.

Crescent Mills—C. Laufman, J. S. Carter, W. C. Fairchild, J. McGinness.

Greenville—E. Linn, H. B. Abbott, J. Kittie.

Round Valley—G. W. Compton, G. Coulter, C. W. Callahan.

Sawpit Flat—J. A. Brown, A. H. Ferguson, J. Urie.

La Porte—D. Daly, J. H. Hudson, M. Legan, T. Smith, J. Kwagay, P. J. O'Grady—Daly proxy.

Jamison City—F. King, J. B. McGee, M. W. Jackson, H. B. Russell, T. Hartley.

Beckworth's—L. Mapes, A. Kirby.

Summit—J. Dosier—Brock proxy, D. Moffit, T. Brock.

Longville—J. Buffington, J. A. Gleeson—Reed proxy.

Genesee Valley—J. C. Chapman, J. J. L. Peel, A. J. McPike.

Marion Flat—J. Thompson.

Cariboo—W. F. Reed, W. F. M. Davis, J. H. Thompson.

Rich Bar—R. Irwin, R. Hart, A. Bolger.

12 Mile Bar—J. Thompson.

Spanish Ranch—R. Jacks, G. A. Meegil.

Nelson Point—A. Jackson, S. P. Blair.

The Committee on Permanent Organization and Order of Business, reported as follows:

For President of the Convention, Richard Irwin. Vice Presidents, D. Daly and M. W. Jackson. Secretaries, Jas. McGinness and A. J. McPike.

ORDER OF BUSINESS.

1—Report of Committee on Resolutions.

2—Nomination of Sheriff.

3— " " " Clerk.

4— " " " District Attorney.

5— " " " Treasurer.

6— " " " Assessor.

7— " " " Surveyor.

8— " " " Coroner.

9— " " " Public Administrator.

10— " " " Supt. Public Instruction.

11—The election of Delegates to the Democratic State Convention.

12—The election of Delegates to Joint Assembly Convention.

13—The election of a Co. Central Committee.

14—Nomination of Supervisor for Dist. No. 3.

By the Delegates of that District.

Your Committee recommend that the Delegates to the State Convention be empowered to cast the vote of Plumas in the Joint Senatorial Convention—also, in the Convention to nominate a candidate for Congress.

The report was received and adopted, and the Committee discharged.

The Committee on Resolutions then offered the following, which were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, We see with alarm the manifestation of a determination by the party in power to subvert the peaceful and lawful government of this State by the use of force and violence;

WHEREAS, The time has arrived when the Government must be administered upon the principle held by the Fathers of the Republic, and entered by all sound statesmen from the establishment of the Union to the present day, principles which have ever maintained the whole powers of the Federal and State Government, Therefore—

Resolved, By the Democracy of Plumas Co., in Convention assembled, that we are unalterably opposed to the exercise of any power by the General Government, or any branch or department of the General Government, not warranted by the Federal Constitution.

Resolved, That the American Union is composed of thirty-seven States, and they are entitled to the immediate and undisturbed enjoyment of all their Constitutional rights as such.

Resolved, That taxation should be equal and uniform, and that its burdens should be equal and upon the industrial classes of the people.

Resolved, That a high protective tariff is a law to enable the few to rob the many, under the pretense of protecting industry. A moderate tariff of duties for revenue, with incidental protection to the amount levied, leaving commerce comparatively free, is all the general industry and prosperity of the people can bear without material injury.

Resolved, That we are in favor, as heretofore, of restricting the exercise of the elective franchise to the white male citizens of the United States.

Resolved, That the importation of Coolie labor into California is injurious and degrading to American white labor, and is an evil that should be restricted by such legal and Constitutional means as are in our power.

Resolved, That in the judgment of this Convention, the Feather River Pass is the best and only practicable railroad route across the Sierra Nevada mountains. That the material interests and permanent prosperity of Plumas county demand that the attention of the people of this State be directed to this fact, and to this end we pledge every reasonable effort compatible with the resources of our county, to a speedy completion of the present proposed wagon and railroad from Oroville to Beckworth's Pass.

Resolved, That we regard with apprehension the recent reckless expenditure of the people's moneys by the Board of Supervisors of Plumas county.—That the burdens of taxation under which the people are laboring, demand the most rigid economy in the administration of our county affairs.

Nominations for county officers now being in order, the Chair appointed J. S. Love and R. C. Chambers as tellers:

SHERIFF.—J. H. Yeates, of Am. Valley, was placed in nomination as the Democratic candidate for Sheriff of Plumas Co. There being no other name proposed, the rules were suspended and Mr. Yeates nominated by acclamation.

CO. CLERK.—F. B. Whiting and Dr. J. S. Vaughan, of Quincy, were placed in nomination for Co. Clerk. The first ballot resulted in the following vote: Whiting 49; Vaughan 9. Nomination made unanimous.

DIST. ATTORNEY.—A. A. Cooper, of Taylorville, was nominated for District Attorney by acclamation.

TREASURER.—N. C. Cunningham, of Indian Valley, was nominated for Treasurer, by acclamation.

whereupon W. F. Reed was declared to be the Democratic candidate for Co. Assessor.

CO. SURVEYOR.—S. B. Bines, of Beckwith Valley, was nominated for Co. Surveyor, by acclamation.

PUB. ADMINISTRATOR.—J. C. Chapman of Genesee Valley, was nominated for Pub. Administrator, by acclamation.

CORONER.—Jesse A. Brown, of Sawpit Flat, was nominated for Coroner, by acclamation.

SUPT. OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.—A. S. Titus, of Am. Valley, was nominated for Co. Superintendent of Public Instruction, by acclamation.

The following Delegates to the State Convention were chosen: E. T. Hogan, Creed Haymond, James Kittie and David Evey.

The following delegates were chosen to the Joint Assembly Convention: R. C. Chambers, H. B. Abbott, C. Laufman, A. J. McPike.

A County Central Committee, consisting of ten members, was selected, as follows:

J. D. Goodwin, J. B. McGee, Rich. Irwin, E. T. Hogan, C. Laufman, W. W. Kellogg, R. C. Chambers, Squire Jacks, Andrew Jackson, John S. Vaughan.

SUPERVISOR.—The delegates from the 3d Supervisorial District, met for the purpose of selecting a candidate for Supervisor. Andrew Smith of Rich Bar, and Morris Drew of Spanish Ranch, were placed in nomination. Upon the first ballot, Warner received a majority of the votes, and was declared to be the nominee.

RESOLUTIONS.—Hon. J. B. McGee of Mammoth Mills, then offered the following resolution, which was adopted by the Convention:

WHEREAS, Our fellow citizen, the Hon. Richard Irwin, (alone of all those whose names were on the State Ticket of 1867, headed by the name of John Conley for Governor,) has remained true to the Democratic Party, Therefore—

Resolved, That we, the Democracy of Plumas County, earnestly recommend him to the favorable consideration of the next Democratic State Convention, as the nominee for Lieut. Governor, or any other position on the State Ticket, to which he may aspire.

A resolution offered by Mr. C. W. Callahan to the effect that W. T. Coleman was the first choice of the Convention for Governor, was, after a spirited discussion, laid upon the table.

The Convention then adjourned, sine die.

CENTRAL COMMITTEE.—At a meeting of the Co. Central Committee, held on the 11th inst., Hon. J. D. Goodwin was chosen President, E. T. Hogan, Sec'y, and W. W. Kellogg, Treasurer. An Executive Committee, consisting of the above named officers, and Messrs. R. C. Chambers and Richard Irwin was chosen. The meeting then adjourned to meet at the call of the President of the Committee.

QUARTZ.—The Whitney Co. have commenced sinking a shaft for another level, and are getting good quartz. The Crescent Co. are preparing to go deeper on their ledge. A new ledge, called the Imperial, is paying well. In Laufman & Co.'s ledge, the Co. are getting some rock which prospects well.

Special Notices.

For Sale.

THE UNION HOTEL, at La Porte, Plumas County, is now offered for sale. Apply, on the premises, to—

BRANDT & CONLON.

A Family Medicine.

PERDY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER is really a valuable medicine, and unlike most of the patented articles of the day, is used by many physicians. It is particularly desirable in locations where physicians are not near, and in families will often save the necessity of sending out at midnight for a doctor. A bottle should be kept in every house.—[Boston Traveller.]

DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.—We have tested this medicine, and as we are our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy we have ever known. It should not be classed with the nostrums of the day, got up for the especial purpose of pecuniary profit, but be regarded as one of the standard medicines for the public benefit.—[Herald of Gospel Liberty.]

Dissolution of Co-Partnership.

THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing between James Perine and E. B. Lamb, of Cariboo, Plumas Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All claims against the said firm will be settled by E. B. Lamb, to whom should be paid all the debts owing to the said firm.

JAMES PERINE.

E. B. LAMB.

Cariboo, June 1, 1867. v5-32-4f

Dissolution.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing between John S. Wilbur and J. A. Jacobs, under the firm name of Jacobs & Wilbur, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

JOHN S. WILBUR.

J. A. JACOBS.

American Valley, May 15th, 1867. 30-4w-p

Election Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE QUALIFIED electors of Taylor School District, that an election will be held on SATURDAY, the 29th day of June, 1867, at which will be submitted the question of voting a tax to maintain a free school, and for building purposes.

It will be necessary to raise, for the purpose of maintaining a free public school, the sum of two hundred dollars, and for building purposes the sum of two hundred dollars—in the aggregate the sum of four hundred dollars. Also, the election of some one person as Assessor and Collector of said tax, will be held at the same time. Also, for the election of one School Trustee for the term, commencing on the 1st Saturday in July next.

The polls will be open at the District School House at Taylorville from one o'clock, P. M., to sunset of that day.

A. A. COOPER.

O. D. PECK.

E. W. TAYLOR.

District School Trustees.

Taylorville, May 31st, 1867. 31-3w

Alturas Mining company.—Location of Mine, Loss Creek, Plumas Co. Cal.

NOTICE is hereby given, that at a meeting of the Trustees of said company, held on the 20th day of May, 1867, an assessment of \$43 75 per share was levied upon the Capital Stock of said company, payable on the 21st day of May, 1867, to Jacob Donker, at La Porte, Plumas county, Cal. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 20th day of June, 1867, will be advertised on that day as delinquent, and unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on the 9th day of July, 1867, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

JOHN DOWN, Sec'y pro tem.

Office of the Co.—La Porte, Plumas Co. Cal. v5-32-4d

Legal Advertisements.

Summons.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, County of Plumas. In Justice Court, County of Plumas. The People of the State of California, to G. L. EAMES, Greeting:

YOU ARE HEREBY COMMANDED TO APPEAR before me, a Justice of the Peace, in and for Quartz Township, Plumas county, at my office in Beckworth, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the 15th day of July, 1867, to answer unto the complaint of J. S. Chanler, who has commenced an action on the following plea, to-wit, on a certain promissory note, as follows:

\$50 59. GIBSONVILLE, Sept. 5th, 1863. One day after date, I promise to pay to J. S. Chanler or order, the sum of ninety 59-100ths dollars, with interest at the rate of two per cent per month, until paid. G. L. EAMES.

When judgment will be taken against you for said amount, together with costs and damages if you fail to appear and answer.

Witness my hand, this 8th day of March, 1867. [50 cent Rev. Stamp.] 23-3m

E. CRAMER, J. P.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of WM. BRACY, Deceased. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE UNDERSIGNED, Executor of the above-named Estate, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers, within ten months from the first publication of this notice, to the undersigned, at his office in La Porte, Plumas Co., State of California.

JOHN CONLEY, Executor.

Quincy, Dec. 22d, 1866. n5-4f

Dissolution of Co-Partnership. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT THE Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, at Onion Valley and Sawpit Flat, Plumas county, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts and claims against the late firm will be paid by A. H. Ferguson, and all debts due the late firm must be paid to the said A. H. Ferguson, who will carry on the business in future. Plumas County, Feb'y 2d, 1867.

A. H. FERGUSON.

J. B. BAILY.

v5-n5-4f

Business Advertisements.

CLOSING OUT. THOMPSON & KELLOGG. SPANISH RANCH. OFFER FOR SALE, AT REDUCED PRICES. Their Large and Full Assortment of

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, Hardware, CLOTHING, DRY GOODS, IRON, STEEL, MILL SAWS, &c., &c.

General Merchandise.

WE ALSO OFFER FOR SALE THE UNDIVIDED half of the Spanish Ranch, with Hotel Furniture, Farming Implements, Wagons, &c.

We are determined to close out our business at Spanish Ranch, and will sell our Stock at very low prices. Give us a call. Those indebted to us will please settle their accounts immediately.

THOMPSON & KELLOGG.

March 30th, 1867. 24-4f

D. ROBINSON, CARPENTER & BUILDER.

Shop—Opposite the Plumas House, MAIN STREET, QUINCY, CALIFORNIA.

Carpenter Work of all kinds done promptly, and in the best manner. Terms reasonable. 44-4f

WM. KINSEY, CARPENTER & BUILDER.

Shop on Main Street, QUINCY, CALIFORNIA.

House, Sign & Ornamental Painting DONE TO ORDER. Furniture Made and Repaired. v4-n37-4f

T. A. VAN NORDEN, MANUFACTURING JEWELER.

WATCHES & CLOCKS Cleaned & Repaired.

SHOP—On Main street, QUINCY, CAL. 35-4f

CHARLES MILLER, MANUFACTURER OF TIN, COPPER & SHEET IRON WARE.

Shop opposite the Postoffice, Main Street, Quincy, California.

CUSTOM WORK done to order, at short notice and on Reasonable Terms. A good stock of TINWARE always on hand and for sale. Stovepipe made, fitted or repaired. IRON HOSES for Mining or other purposes, riveted and set up to order in any part of the County. Quincy, Dec. 1, 1866. v5-n6-4f

EXCHANGE SALOON. MAIN ST., QUINCY, CAL.

THE BAR is well supplied with the best of

Wines, Liquors & Cigars. BILLIARDS.

Two of Phelan & Co's. Modern BILLIARD TABLES with combination cushions are in use at this Saloon. JAS. H. HOUCK, Proprietor. 22-4f

QUINCY MEAT MARKET.

Main street, opposite the Court House.

A GOOD SUPPLY OF ALL KINDS OF MEATS of the best quality, constantly on hand. JAS. E. EDWARDS, Proprietor. Quincy, Jan. 28, '65—v5-15-4f

Business Advertisements.

HENRY HOLTHOUSE, [Corner of Main and Nelson Streets.] TAYLORVILLE, PLUMAS COUNTY, CAL.

—BOYS AND SELLS—

PRODUCE

—OF ALL KINDS.—

HE ALSO HAS ON HAND A LARGE AND well selected stock of

General Merchandise.

Groceries, Provisions, &c.

All of which will be sold

LOW FOR CASH.

v5-n30-4f

WM. H. MILLER. W. BUNNELL.

MILLER & BUNNELL, Butt Valley, Plumas Co., California.

—GENERAL DEALERS IN—

Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, Segars, Tobacco, Dry Goods, CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, TOOLS, Hats and Caps, HARDWARE, YANKEE NOTIONS, &c., &c.

v4-n39-4f

THOMPSON & KELLOGG, DEALERS IN

Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, Hardware, Iron, Steel, Crockery, Clothing, Boots and Shoes

Spanish Ranch. I-4f

The Quincy Union.

A Fragment.
We sing of Freedom! to such many a slave!
As of his own dear life, full many a brave!
As many a big heart beats the warlike knee
To his own self-sacrificing deity.
Most loudly sing we, till this land is drenched
In blood of those who die for Freedom's sake.
And what is strange to see, and sooth to sing,
That those who harp the loudest on the string
Less feel to the flame are they well known to bring.
—Eliza A. Pittenger.

The Grand Army of the Republic.

The Convention of the Grand Army of the Republic that met not long ago at Columbus, Ohio, assured all the world that it was a benevolent institution, intended to see to the comfort of the widows and orphans of soldiers who perished in the late war, and of maimed and disabled soldiers; and that it was not a political institution. Nobody of experience in the ways of the world believed any such stuff. The benevolent giving out was merely the sugar coating of the pill. The following extract from a letter written by a responsible party will show the true character of the organization, into which he was initiated last summer. He writes us:

I was initiated into the Grand Army of the Republic last summer. My initiation I will not speak of now, as it is too long. After initiation I was made acquainted with the following grip, password and signs. The grip is to lock small fingers. The password is "McPherson." The hailing sign is "hand, head, and charge cartridge." If this is answered, you are to address the one who answers as follows:

Q. Were you in service? A. I was. Q. Are you yet? A. I am. Q. What battalion? A. (He answers 1, 2, 3, as the case may be).

After this I was appointed. The P. C. then addressed us in a few remarks, and we adjourned. When I entered this, I was told it was no political order. But the next night we met, and, after initiating a few, the following was moved:

Resolved, That this encampment of the Battalion G. A. R. hereafter will in no wise whatever encourage the professions or trades of men who are Democratic, and do all that can to discourage their business, and at all times throw their influence with the order or the members of the Union party.

I was then convinced that the order was political, and resolved to expose it. I have attended fourteen lodges, and in each one found from five to twenty stand of arms—to back Congress, as the members said.

The order of the Grand Army of the Republic is just such an order as was the Know-Nothing order—a secret political society—only a little more so, and more mischievous in its designs. A secret society in a free country, that keeps arms on hand, means mischief; and it is well the public should understand it. (Cin. Enquirer.)

SYMPATHY FOR CUPPES.—A few weeks ago, a respectable white girl of Troy, Ohio, was outraged by a negro. The negro was subsequently arrested, taken before a magistrate, and recognized by the injured girl, who testified directly and positively against him as the perpetrator of the deed, bearing on her face two marks of the terrible struggle which she had made, and yet the officer, from some unaccountable reason, discharged the culprit, refusing even to issue a writ for his detention.

LOSE COURTESHIP.—There is a case of courtship in East Lyme, Conn., that has been going on for more than forty-five years, and during that time, with very few exceptions, the gentleman has called on his intended on each alternate Sunday evening.

A slow country flat, adds a cotemporary. A man in this country would soon have to talk business—or travel.

WINE AND FRUIT.—The statistics show that in the county of Los Angeles there are growing 9,500,000 grape vines, and last year there was produced therefrom 1,000,000 gallons of wine and 70,000 gallons of brandy. The same county has sent to San Francisco market, 1,000,000 oranges, 60,000 lemons, 40,000 limes, 20,000 pounds walnuts and 200,000 pounds of figs.

CONNECTION.—Forbes, of the Trespas, thus explains: Instead of "people all very lousy," in a letter from Crystal Peak, the other day, read "people all very busy." Composers will make a mistake once in a while.

AN UNUSUAL ACCIDENT.—One of our Supervisors, says the S. F. Examiner, has recently been severely injured by the accidental discharge of his duties; but it is thought he will be likely to recover.

THE JAPANESE TROUPE performing at San Francisco perform some wonderful tricks, such as making a paper ladder and ascending it, and walking bare-footed on a ladder of swords, edge upmost.

HE "GOT." A burglar attempted to climb into the window of a broker's office in Virginia City, the other night. The broker awoke, raised up in bed, and presenting a loaded pistol, remarked, "You got" to which burglar responded, "You bet" and away he went.

NOVEL.—A recent criminal trial in New Orleans had rather a novel catastrophe; the prisoner was acquitted, and his own and the counsel for the prosecution were committed to jail for contempt of court.

THE "MAMA." said Eddie, while looking out of the window one evening during a thunderstorm, "Mama, isn't it time for me to go to sleep?" They got pulling out his trundle-bed for the little angels to sleep in.

GAS.—Westfield, New York, is lighted with natural gas, which is brought in pipes from a gas spring, a mile and a quarter distant.

PACIFIC Business College.

751 MARKET STREET,
(Between Third and Fourth.)
SAN FRANCISCO.

AN INSTITUTION DESIGNED TO PREPARE YOUNG men and middle aged men for an active and successful business life.

BOOK-KEEPING, PENMANSHIP, COMMERCIAL LAW, COMMERCIAL ARITHMETIC, CORRESPONDENCE, MODERN LANGUAGES, ETC.

—Practically Taught—

This College forms a link of the American Chain of Commercial Colleges.

Located in the principal cities of the United States, and SCHOLARSHIPS ISSUED HERE are good throughout the entire chain.

A model and comprehensive course of Practical Training Great improvement in the method and manner of instruction.

School-Room and Counting-Room

United upon a plan that secures the practical advantages of both. Theory Department and Department of Actual Business, connected by the Office Communication. Banks, Insurance, with Checks, Drafts, Certificates of Deposit, and all the operations of the Banking Business. The Student MUST acquire the habits of the BUSINESS MAN. The Student MUST be able to handle the BUSINESS MAN. The Student MUST be able to handle the BUSINESS MAN.

Pacific Business College.

It is First-Class in all its appointments. Each Department is under the charge of a First-Class Teacher, the whole being under the immediate supervision of the President. Its graduates are successful and finished accountants, who secure the most lucrative situations.

Regular Banks and Business Offices

have been introduced, by which we are enabled to fit out students in the best possible manner, and at the least expense of time and money, for the practical duties of the Counting Room.

Students can enter at any time of the year, there being no limitation of time. Each student receives individual instruction, with the exception of Lectures and other general exercises.

Giving full particulars of the College, can be had FREE, by calling at the College, or addressing

E. P. HEALD,
President Business College, San Francisco.

FLORENCE Sewing Machines.

THE BEST IN THE WORLD!!

Highest Premium, Fair American Institute.

Highest Premium, State Fair of California, 1866.

It makes four different stitches, the lock, knot, double lock, and double knot, on one and the same machine. Each stitch being alike on both sides of the fabric.

Every Machine has the reversible feed motion, which enables the operator, by simply turning a thumb-screw, to have the work run either to the right or left, to stay any part of the seam, or fasten on the ends of seams without turning the fabric.

Changing the length of stitch, and from one kind of stitch to another, can readily be done while the Machine is in motion.

The needle is easily adjusted.

Its motions are all positive; there are no springs to get out of order, and its simplicity enables the most inexperienced to operate it.

It does not require finer thread on the under than on the upper side, and will sew across the heaviest seams, or from one to more thicknesses of cloth, without change of needle, tension, or breaking thread.

The only machine having a self-adjusting shuttle tension—the amount of tension always being in exact proportion to the size of the bobbin.

The hemmer is easily adjusted, and will turn any width of hem desired.

It is almost noiseless, and can be used where quiet is necessary.

No other Machine will do so great a range of work as the Florence.

SAMUEL HILL, Gen'l Agt.,
111, Montgomery St., San Francisco.

W. W. KELLOGG, Agent,
35-H Quincy.

Marriage and Celibacy. An Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young Men. (Also, Diseases and Abuses which contravene the vital powers, with sure means of relief. Sent free of charge, in sealed letter envelopes. Address DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

DR. CHARLES H. TOZER'S PRIVATE MEDICAL INSTITUTE.

Northeast Corner Kearney and Jackson streets, San Francisco.

The Great Evacuator of Special Complaints, Formerly of Locke Hospital, London, Eight Years in Sacramento and The Last Four in San Francisco.

DR. TOZER'S experience is of forty years standing, and during that time he has met with unparalleled success in the treatment of all these diseases generally known as

Veneral or Chronic.

It is impossible here to mention all the diseases, with which he is familiar; some, perhaps, will not be out of place. The most formidable, the most destructive to mankind, is Syphilis. The brain being the seat of the disease, the whole system suffers in consequence. It will here enumerate some of the symptoms, so that those afflicted may be able to form an opinion in regard to their complaints, and seek advice in time thereby saving them a world of suffering. Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Pain in the Limbs and Back, Pains in the Head, Trembling of the Limbs, Headache, and an aversion to social society, especially that of Females. These are great many more, but these are sufficient, and should you be suffering from any of them, call on DR. TOZER, and he will cure you in a short time, without any interruption in your business or state your case by letter, and there will be no occasion for your calling at the office.

Stricture of the Urethra

Is another formidable enemy to health. Send for one of my circulars on that disease, and inform yourself of its terrible results. The worst cases cured in a few days.

Veneral Diseases.

In all their various forms, either Primary, Secondary or Tertiary, completely eradicated from the system. Your constitution being restored to perfect health, there will be no danger of handing down to your children that terrible disease known as Syphilis.

Syphilitic Disease.

As it presents itself on this coast is of a more formidable character than that seen in the Atlantic States or Europe, arising from the fact of the being a compound of French, Chinese and Spanish blood disease. Those of you who have visited the latter countries no doubt have seen the dreadful effects of these diseases both the native and foreign population. It requires altogether different modes of treatment.

The Old Formulas

Of Record, Acton and Boswell were of little account, except to dry up the disease on the surface, but to drive the poison in the blood. These facts I have learned by experience, and think I can say without boasting, that I have cured more persons in this disease than any other physician in California, dating as far back as 1849.

My Plan is Purely Vegetable.

Destroying the disease and purifying the blood, so that there is no danger of secondary symptoms.

REMARKS. Syphilis has been the scourge of the human race, and the most terrible of all diseases, and the most difficult to cure. It is a disease of the blood, and the only way to cure it is by purifying the blood.

Persons suffering from chronic diseases, can call and examine for themselves. We invite investigation; claim to know everything, but to cure everything, but we do claim that in all cases taken under treatment we fulfill our promise. We particularly request that you call on us, and we will be glad to show you the results of our treatment.

Ladies suffering from any complaint incidental to their sex, can consult the Doctor with the assurance of relief, if required.

Persons at a distance can be cured at home, by address to Dr. Charles H. Tozer, 111, Montgomery Street, San Francisco, stating the case as minutely as possible, general habits of living, occupation, etc.

All communications confidential. [55-54-1y]

RELIEF AT LAST.

IT IS PROVEN WITHOUT DOUBT, THAT

JENKIN'S HAIR RESTORATIVE WILL PRODUCE HAIR ON BALD HEADS!!

It cures the Suppressed Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

DR. J. W. K. DOHERTY'S PRIVATE MEDICAL INSTITUTE.

Northeast Corner Kearney and Jackson streets, San Francisco.

The Great Evacuator of Special Complaints, Formerly of Locke Hospital, London, Eight Years in Sacramento and The Last Four in San Francisco.

DR. DOHERTY'S experience is of forty years standing, and during that time he has met with unparalleled success in the treatment of all these diseases generally known as

Veneral or Chronic.

It is impossible here to mention all the diseases, with which he is familiar; some, perhaps, will not be out of place. The most formidable, the most destructive to mankind, is Syphilis. The brain being the seat of the disease, the whole system suffers in consequence. It will here enumerate some of the symptoms, so that those afflicted may be able to form an opinion in regard to their complaints, and seek advice in time thereby saving them a world of suffering. Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Pain in the Limbs and Back, Pains in the Head, Trembling of the Limbs, Headache, and an aversion to social society, especially that of Females. These are great many more, but these are sufficient, and should you be suffering from any of them, call on DR. DOHERTY, and he will cure you in a short time, without any interruption in your business or state your case by letter, and there will be no occasion for your calling at the office.

Stricture of the Urethra

Is another formidable enemy to health. Send for one of my circulars on that disease, and inform yourself of its terrible results. The worst cases cured in a few days.

Veneral Diseases.

In all their various forms, either Primary, Secondary or Tertiary, completely eradicated from the system. Your constitution being restored to perfect health, there will be no danger of handing down to your children that terrible disease known as Syphilis.

Syphilitic Disease.

As it presents itself on this coast is of a more formidable character than that seen in the Atlantic States or Europe, arising from the fact of the being a compound of French, Chinese and Spanish blood disease. Those of you who have visited the latter countries no doubt have seen the dreadful effects of these diseases both the native and foreign population. It requires altogether different modes of treatment.

The Old Formulas

Of Record, Acton and Boswell were of little account, except to dry up the disease on the surface, but to drive the poison in the blood. These facts I have learned by experience, and think I can say without boasting, that I have cured more persons in this disease than any other physician in California, dating as far back as 1849.

My Plan is Purely Vegetable.

Destroying the disease and purifying the blood, so that there is no danger of secondary symptoms.

REMARKS. Syphilis has been the scourge of the human race, and the most terrible of all diseases, and the most difficult to cure. It is a disease of the blood, and the only way to cure it is by purifying the blood.

Persons suffering from chronic diseases, can call and examine for themselves. We invite investigation; claim to know everything, but to cure everything, but we do claim that in all cases taken under treatment we fulfill our promise. We particularly request that you call on us, and we will be glad to show you the results of our treatment.

Ladies suffering from any complaint incidental to their sex, can consult the Doctor with the assurance of relief, if required.

Persons at a distance can be cured at home, by address to Dr. Charles H. Tozer, 111, Montgomery Street, San Francisco, stating the case as minutely as possible, general habits of living, occupation, etc.

All communications confidential. [55-54-1y]

RELIEF AT LAST.

IT IS PROVEN WITHOUT DOUBT, THAT

JENKIN'S HAIR RESTORATIVE WILL PRODUCE HAIR ON BALD HEADS!!

It cures the Suppressed Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Impaired Secretions, which are productive of the loss of hair.

PRIVATE MEDICAL AID.

Quick Cures & Moderate Charges.

DR. W. K. DOHERTY'S Private Medical & Surgical Institute Sacramento street, below Montgomery, opposite the Pacific Mail Steamship Co's office. Private entrance Leidesdorff street. SAN FRANCISCO.

Established expressly to afford the afflicted sound and scientific Medical aid, in the treatment and cure of all Private and Chronic Diseases, cases of Secrecy, and all sexual diseases.

TO THE AFFLICTED.—Dr. W. K. Doherty returns his sincere thanks to his numerous patients for the patronage, and would take this opportunity to remind them that he continues to consult at his Institute for the cure of chronic diseases of the Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Digestive and Genito-Urinary Organs, and all private diseases, viz: Syphilis in all its forms and stages, Seminal Discharges, Gonorrhea, Stricture, Nighturnal and Diurnal Emissions, Sexual Debility, Diseases of the back and loins, Inflammation of the Bladder and Kidneys, etc., and he hopes that his long experience and successful practice, will continue to insure him a share of public patronage. By the practice of many years in Europe and the United States, he is enabled to apply the most efficient and successful remedies against diseases of all kinds. He uses no mercury, charges moderate, treats his patients in a correct and honorable way, has recourse of unquestionable veracity from